

Security Domain Profile

DISCIPLINES

Security Domain Elements

Identification & Authentication

- Administration
 - Directory
 - Certification Authority
 - Provisioning
 - Metadirectory
- Password Management
- Enterprise SSO
- WAM
- ID & Authentication methods:
 - Smart Tokens
 - H/W Tokens
 - Biometrics
- Federation

Confidentiality & Integrity

- Encryption
 - File
 - Email
 - Network
 - Database
 - Web Services
 - Data at rest
- Electronic Signature
 - Digital
 - Biometric
 - Web Services
 - Other

Network, Host Applications & Access Control

- OS
- NOS
- VPN
- RAS
- NAC
- RBAC

Network Communications Protection

- Firewalls (includes Desktop)
- IDS/IPS
- Email Protection (SPAM)
- Host Protection**
 - Antivirus
 - Perimeter
 - Desktop/Server
 - Anti-spyware
 - Host-based IPS

Security Planning Tools

- Risk Management
- BCP

Configuration Management

- Vulnerability & Patch Management
- Change Management Tools

Physical & Environmental Protection

- HVAC
- UPS
- Facility Access Systems
- Backup & Recovery Systems

DOMAIN STRATEGY

Provide a standards based security framework that supports a statewide policy to ensure the confidentiality, integrity and availability of information and information systems.

Security Domain Profile (Cont'd)

DOMAIN PRINCIPLES/BOUNDARIES

- **Confidentiality:** “Providing authorization and restrictions on information access and disclosure, including means for protecting personal privacy and proprietary information”
 - Develop and implement security policies and technologies to maintain confidentiality of constituent and employee information.
- **Integrity:** “Guarding against improper information modification or destruction, and includes ensuring information non-repudiation and authenticity”
 - Develop a secure, robust IT infrastructure capable of initiating, confirming and executing all manner of business transactions.
 - Implement a data security architecture that will provide a secure mechanism for data acquisition, storage, retrieval and update.
 - Maintain sufficient computer forensic information and technology to combat specific threats and to investigate and prosecute specific criminal acts.
- **Availability:** “Ensuring timely and reliable access to or use of information or an information system.”
 - Maintain sufficient backup and disaster recovery expertise to minimize the effect of catastrophic events on the information technology infrastructure.
 - Promote business continuity plans to ensure reliable and secure service delivery.
- Select products based on industry standards, TCO, and data integrity.
- Favor products that use existing skill sets and/or that are readily available in the market.
- Choose products from viable vendors that have good to excellent support and vendors judged to be viable for the future.
- Avoid leading edge or unproven technologies unless there is significant reward.